

**SYSTEM COMPONENTS****Enclosure:**

18 mm 13-ply birch plywood

Low Frequency Transducer:

10" INFRA cone
2.5" Voice coil
60 oz. Magnet

Input Connectors:

Cinch 142 screw terminal
barrier strip

Grille:

16 Gauge black vinyl coated
perforated steel

Optional Hardware:

Rigging points

ACOUSTIC AND ELECTRICAL**System Type:**

Infrasub sealed chamber
(0.75 ft³)

Impedance:

8 Ω

Crossover Network:

Requires INFRA Integrator

Frequency Response:

8 Hz to 95 Hz ±3 dB
(2π Steradians, with
8 Hertz Integrator)

Sensitivity:

89 dB SPL @ 80 Hz (1W @ 1m)
(for additional information,
see INFRA Speaker Sensitivity
Technical Note)

Power Handling:

200 W continuous sine wave
200 W instantaneous peak

PHYSICAL**Finish:**

Black paint

Dimensions:

12.5" h x 14" w x 11.5" d
32 cm x 36 cm x 30 cm

Weight:

25 lbs.
12 kg

Shipping Dimensions:

15" x 16" x 14"
39 cm x 41 cm x 36 cm

Shipping Weight:

29 lbs.
14 kg

APPLICATIONS:

Film & Video Post Production

5.1 Digital Format Subwoofer

Recording Studio

Mastering Facility

PA System Installations

Foreground Music Systems

S10E-I The S10E-I INFRA subwoofer system is designed to provide high fidelity extended low frequency audio reproduction from a very small enclosure. It provides perfectly flat response down to 8 Hertz when used in conjunction with the 8 Hertz Integrator. The S10E-I is designed for applications where space is limited yet full extended low frequency response is required.

ABOUT INFRASUB TECHNOLOGY Almost all specifications for subwoofer systems are fixated on the frequency response domain. However, the impression of power and quality is equally related to the time domain performance of a system. Because of the long wavelengths of low frequencies, this is particularly true with subwoofers.

Likewise, the maximum SPL is not a very reliable way to judge the impact of a subwoofer. A poor time domain performer will not have the same impact or natural sound as a time correct INFRA system.

The reason that INFRA technology sounds dramatically better than the others is because of their superior time domain performance. The INFRA subwoofer maintains the bass energy in a tight packet, aligned with the upper range signal, providing a greater body impact and a seamless musical connection with the main loudspeakers.

Conventional sub designs perform so poorly in the time domain because designers have used methods that sacrifice the phase response for more control over the frequency response (e.g., steep low pass filter slopes, vented speaker enclosures, and narrow bandwidth systems). With the INFRA technique, we do not degrade the phase response while extending the frequency response.

While the INFRA dual integrator does function as the system crossover, it does so without using a low pass filter. Adding a low pass filter, analog or digital, will have a degrading effect on the time domain performance of the INFRA subwoofer. A low pass filter adds signal delay to the sound which varies with frequency. Also, narrowing the pass band increases the influence of the rolloff on both ends of the subwoofer spectrum. The result is the smearing of the arrival times of the low frequency sound components, changing the timbre and downgrading the impact of transient sounds.

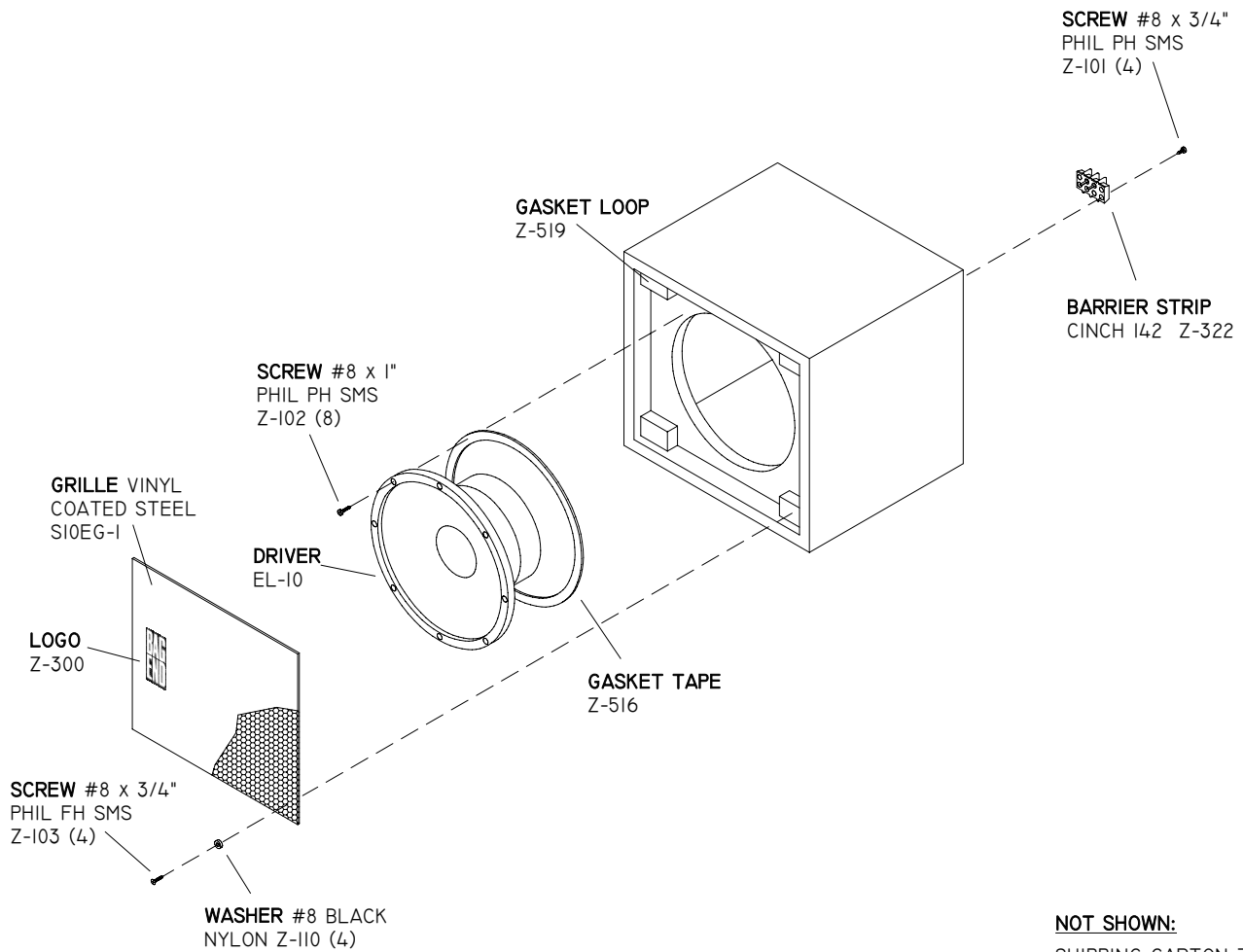
The Bag End INFRA subwoofers are designed as no-compromise, high fidelity reproduction systems. We believe they are the finest subs available, regardless of price.

BAG END Loudspeakers
22272 Pepper Road
Barrington, Illinois
60010 USA
Voice 847 382 4550
Fax 847 382 4551
www.bagend.com





S10E-I



NOT SHOWN:
SHIPPING CARTON Z-611 (1)
PLASTIC BAG Z-626 (1)
CORNER GUARD Z-629 (8)

SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

